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21 April 1960

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# CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



DOCUMENT NO. 45  
NO CHANGE IN CLASS. ☒  
☐ DECLASSIFIED  
CLASS. CHANGED TO: TS S 0  
NEXT REVIEW DATE: 2010  
AUTH: HR 70-2  
DATE: 9 JUN 1980 REVIEWER:

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Army review(s) completed.

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Approved For Release 2002/09/04 : CIA-RDP79T00975A005000450001-6

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## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

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### DAILY BRIEF

#### I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC

*OK*  
USSR: Marshal Zakharov, commander in chief of Soviet Forces in East Germany since November 1957, informed Allied military representatives in East Germany on 16 April that he had been appointed chief of the general staff of the Soviet Army and Navy and first deputy defense minister. Zakharov thus will be replacing Marshal V. D. Sokolovsky, for whom no new assignment has been announced. Zakharov said that he hoped in his new job to "preside over the dissolution of the Soviet armed forces in concert with his counterparts" in other countries.

Zakharov's replacement in East Germany is his former deputy, Colonel General I. I. Yakubovsky.

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#### II. ASIA-AFRICA

*OK*  
Malaya: The state of "emergency" declared 12 years ago to combat the Communist rebellion will be officially ended on 31 July. Communist jungle forces, which once numbered over 5,000 well-armed insurgents, have gradually been reduced to an estimated 600 terrorists, most of them now across the border in Thailand.

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IV. WATCH COMMITTEE CONCLUSIONS

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- A. [No Sino-Soviet bloc country intends to initiate hostilities against the continental US or its possession in the immediate future.]
- B. [No Sino-Soviet bloc country intends deliberately to initiate direct military action against US forces abroad, US allies, or areas peripheral to the orbit in the immediate future.]
- C. [The following developments are susceptible of direct exploitation by Soviet/Communist hostile action which could jeopardize the security of the US in the immediate future:]

[ None.]

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## I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC

### Soviet Commander in Germany to Be First Deputy Defense Minister

Marshal Zakharov, commander in chief of Soviet Forces in Germany since 22 November 1957, told the chiefs of the Allied liaison missions on 16 April that he was being transferred to the post of chief of the general staff of the Soviet Army and Navy and first deputy defense minister. He said he hoped, in his new capacity, to preside over the dissolution of the Soviet armed forces. To accomplish this, he said, it would be necessary for the West to move closer to recent Soviet disarmament proposals.

He also stated that army officers should not fear the end of their military careers, because their experience would make it easy for them to find jobs in many walks of life. This comment reflects the Soviet Government's continued preoccupation with the problem of the morale of career military personnel threatened by forced retirement.

Zakharov will replace Marshal V. D. Sokolovsky, who at 63 is only one year older than Zakharov himself. Sokolovsky, who also held the post of GSFG commander for several years, has been chief of staff of the Soviet Army and Navy since 1953. Zakharov's promotion, considering his relatively late date of rank as a marshal, is a reflection of satisfaction with the vigorous manner in which he carried out his assignment in Germany. His transfer at this time does not appear to reflect any unusual reshuffling in the Soviet high command.

Zakharov can be expected to maintain cordial relations with Defense Minister Malinovsky, his wartime boss and later his associate in the Far East, and to pursue his new duties with characteristic energy and effectiveness. He is to be succeeded in GSFG by Colonel General I. I. Yakubovsky, his deputy.

## II. ASIA-AFRICA

### State of "Emergency" in Malaya Scheduled to End 31 July

The Paramount Ruler of Malaya announced on 19 April that the state of "emergency" declared 12 years ago to combat the Communist rebellion will be officially ended on 31 July. The declaration symbolizes a major victory for Prime Minister Abdul Rahman's aggressive anti-Communist policies, which have reduced Communist terrorist strength from about 2,000 at the time Malaya achieved independence in August 1957 to today's total of approximately 600, of whom nearly 500 are across the Malayan border in Thailand. Peak Communist strength was reached in 1949, when there were estimated to be over 5,000 well-armed jungle terrorists.

The ending of the "emergency" will not result in any lessening of military pressure on the remaining terrorists, although they may not be completely eliminated for years because of halfhearted Thai cooperation in the border areas. The Rahman government now is in the process of providing a legal base for continuing its stringent domestic anti-Communist policies after 31 July by incorporating into the constitution certain key anti-Communist measures now contained in the emergency regulations.

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[The declaration ending the "emergency" probably foreshadows increasing attacks by opposition parties on the UK-Malayan defense agreement, which has long been justified by the government as of particular value because of the Communist rebellion. The attacks are likely to center on the treaty provisions which permit the stationing of British Commonwealth troops in the Federation. The government now takes the position that the treaty relates mainly to the defense of the Federation from external aggression and points out the economic advantages of having the Commonwealth bear a large part of Malaya's defense burden.]

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## The Vice President

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Special Assistant for National Security Affairs  
 Scientific Adviser to the President  
 Director of the Budget  
 Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization  
 Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration  
 Special Assistant for Security Operations Coordination  
 Chairman, Board of Consultants on Foreign Intelligence Activities  
 Special Assistant for Foreign Economic Policy  
 Executive Secretary, National Security Council

### The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

### The Department of State

The Secretary of State  
 The Under Secretary of State  
 The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs  
 The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs  
 The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Administration  
 The Counselor  
 Director, International Cooperation Administration  
 The Director of Intelligence and Research

### The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense  
 The Deputy Secretary of Defense  
 Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs  
 The Secretary of the Army  
 The Secretary of the Navy  
 The Secretary of the Air Force  
 The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff  
 The Director, The Joint Staff  
 Chief of Staff, United States Army  
 Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy  
 Chief of Staff, United States Air Force  
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 Assistant to Secretary of Defense for Special Operations  
 Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff  
 Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army  
 Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy  
 Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force  
 Supreme Allied Commander, Europe  
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### The Department of Commerce

The Secretary of Commerce

### Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

### Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

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